BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY JOHN H. LYNDE. BANGOR, ME., FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 20 1870. VOLUME XXXVII—NUMBER 118.

Morris Bro's MINSTRELS.

THREE COMPANIES, COMBINED.

Lon., Billy & Charley Morris

AT

NOROMBEGA HALL,

May 20th and 21st.

NOROMBEGA HALL.

BILLY BILLY

MORRIS MORRIS

Lon., Billy and Charley Morris

WITH THEIR THREE

Famous Troupes

COMBINED

22 STARS all on the stage at the same time.

Friday and Saturday Evenings,

May 20th and 21st.

Two Nights Only!

NOROMBEGA HALL

First Appearance in Six Years of

CHARLEY MORRIS

The Best Band in the World

All Hail their Return

The Monarchs of the Universe!

MORRIS BROS. Minstrels,

NOROMBEGA HALL,

Friday and Saturday Evenings, May 20, & 21

WITH THEIR

SUPERB ORCHESTRA.

Matchless Quartette

AND CHORUS OF

NINE COMEDIANS.

MORRIS BROS. Minstrels.

Powers, Garland and Emerson

In their Great Specialtie

THE ALABAMA TRIPLETS.

The Best Act Ever Witnessed,

NOROMBEGA HALL

Friday and Saturday Evenings,

May 20th and 21st.

NOROMBEGA HALL

MORRIS BROS. Minstrels.

Friday and Saturday Evenings,

May 20th and 21st.

J. C. CAMPBELL, H. A. SCOTT,

Powers, Emerson and Garland,

LON MORRIS,

BILLY MORRIS,

CHARLEY MORRIS,

E. W. PRESCOTT,

SWEATNAM & CO.

BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

At No. 1, Edge End Rondusheag Bridge.

TERMS—$8.00 per Year,
4.00 for Six Months,
2.00 for Three Months.
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,

At the Office of the DAILY WHIG AND COURIER, at Two Dollars per Year, uniformly in advance.

AGENCIES.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State St., Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this Paper.

S. R. NILES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court Street, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

☞ Subscribers finding this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has nearly expired.

Your Subscription expires

NOYES' PATENT HAND WEEDER

This new and valuable Agricultural implement is now offered to the public with the most confident assurance that, as an effective, time saving implement for the use of every farmer and gardener, it will stand unrivalled.

That we have ever seen, will appear from the following testimonial from Mr. Jesse Hoskins, of Dexter, Me., who, after a thorough trial of the Weeder, writes us as follows:

Dexter, Me., May 10th, 1870.

Messrs. Noyes Bros.—Gentlemen: I have used your Weeder in my garden, and find it the best thing I have ever had in the way of a weeder. It will do the work of ten men. I would not take ten times the cost of the Weeder for the benefit I have received from it. I shall recommend it to my neighbors, and believe they will purchase it. Yours truly,

JESSE HOSKINS.

This Weeder is also a valuable implement for cutting out, such as is commonly called, Paring or Scoring Ploughs.

Ladies will find it a great help in the Flower Garden, for cutting out weeds, and before planting, for marking out the ground.

For sale by dealers in Agricultural Implements generally throughout the country.

Manufactured by the

NOYES MANUFACTURING CO.,

Bangor, Me.

ALBERT NOYES,

Agent for Penobscot County.

BOSTON TURKISH BATHS.

1127, Washington Street,

(Corner Essex), Boston.

The Best in New England!

The Proprietors have had extensive experience in the Turkish Bath business, and will spare no pains to render their establishment in every way worthy the patronage of the public.

Open from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M., and on Wednesday and Saturday evenings.

L. L. DEANS, M. D., Manager.

may23

RED STORE

NO. 18 CENTRAL STREET,

The largest choice of

ENGLISH CURED FISH

Also of

Imported Bloaters, Imported Herring,
Imported Cheese, Imported Pickles,
Imported Olives, Imported Table sauce,
Imported Mustard, Imported Pickles,

And a full assortment of VINEGAR at the lowest cash prices.

W. C. Dillingham.

Red Store,

No. 18 Central Street.

Bangor, May 20, 1870.

New Store, - - New Goods.

SIR. JOHN A. KELLEY,

HAVING opened the Store No. 75 Exchange Street, with New and Seasonable Goods, would respectfully announce to his former patrons and the public generally, that he has just returned from Boston with a large and well selected STOCK OF GOODS, which he will sell at

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

For the Cash, I particularly call. I solicit the continuance of the liberal patronage so long bestowed upon Mr. KELLEY. Thanking those who will favor me with a call, I shall spare no pains to please all who may favor me with their patronage.

Also, a Large assortment of CLOTHS of the latest styles, such as PILOTS, CHINCHILLAS, WHIPCORDS, BEAVERS, MELTONS, DIAGONALS, Broadcloths, &c., which he will sell at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Call and examine for yourselves.

J. A. KELLEY.

Bangor, Nov. 20th, 1869.

LARGE ASSORTMENT

of Ladies' and Misses'

Hats & Caps,

Just Received,

AT

MILLS & BARKER'S,

West End Kenduskeag Bridge.

Engine for Sale.

A TWELVE HORSE POWER STATIONARY ENGINE AND BOILER for sale by

GEORGE REYNOLDS,

may20 Market Street

Japan Lilies.

LILIUM AURATUM.

This splendid variety, the Queen of Lilies, is now beautifully in bloom in the Public Garden. For the adornment of the Private Garden, the Conservatory, or the Sitting-room it is unrivalled. The whole English Flower Show, in its late exhibition was pronounced delightful, but nothing in advent can surpass the grand display of the Auratum. Many of the Boy magnificent, and the Lily, justly styled the Queen of Flowers, is now received, and will be supplied to order at the following prices:

Extra-flowering bulbs, of the above $1.50 each

Lilium Auratum, good flowering bulbs, 1.00 each

Lilium Rubrum, late sport of Auratum, .50 cents each

Lilium Roseum, late sport of Auratum, .50 cents each

Lilium Album, pure white, .25 cents each

Sent by mail free, prepaid to any Post Office in the United States, on receipt of price.

Address ALBERT NOYES,

Bangor, Me.

CARRIAGES FOR SALE.

NICE AND SECOND HAND CARRIAGES of every description, suitable for sale by the subscriber, on Broad Street, Bangor, and Fair Ground, Brewer.

SMITH & HALLETT.

Bangor and Brewer, May 20, 1870.

Preserve Your Cider.

Use Neutral Sulphate of Lime.

BUY IT OF

J. F. Patten & Co.,

May20 No. 1 Granite Block, Bangor

Hot Beds.

FRESH RELIABLE SEED FOR HOT BEDS

Tomatoes.

Keye's Early Prolific.
Large Smooth, Red.
Bottom-Matched.
Alger's.

Cabbage.

Early Dr. Hobart.
Stone Mason.
Marble Head Mammoth.
Cucumber.

Early Frame.
White Spine.
Long Green.

Squash.

Boston Marrow,
Hubbard, Turban.

Endive.

Early Curled Solecia.
Bologna Curled.

March 22—tf ALBERT NOYES.

Friday and Saturday Evenings,

May 20th and 21st.

Two Nights Only!

NOROMBEGA HALL

First Appearance in Six Years of

CHARLEY MORRIS

The Best Band in the World

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO

Established - - - 1835.

FULLER BROTHERS, AGENTS.

may

NOTICE.

THE IMPROVED

ELIAS HOWE

Family Sewing Machine,

For every description of Sewing required in a Family.

Ladies will please call at the PARLORS OF THE GENERAL Agency, A. R. BANGS, 2d floor, No. 2 Union Block, and examine the Machine, and will show it to you. Persons who have had Peddlers' Machines will find these Machines and will show them the difference of the LIGHT RUNNING MACHINE and a Peddler's Machine, also, for the benefit of those who have had Peddlers' Machines, and who have been induced to purchase of my Peddling Agents, who will not be here to show you how to use the Machine, I have prepared a Book of Instructions, which will be given away with each Machine.

T. HERSEY & CO., Agents,

No. 1 White's Block.

Corner Main and Water Sts., Bangor, Me.

April 1 1870.

Remember

FOGG & BRIDGES

PAINTS AND OILS

Very Low.

FOGG & BRIDGES.

Bangor, March 1, 1870. d&w

YOU CAN BUY

A Good Kid Glove for 75 cents

And the best in the Market for $1.25

Cotton Hose, Ribbed and Plain 10 cents

Good Prints, 10 cents

Fine White Linen for 50 cents

A good piece of staple FANCY GOODS, 5 yds wide, for $1.00

A large stock of WOOLEN GOODS very low.

A. DRESSER & CO.,

No. 2, Under Harriman House Block.

may20

INQUIRE,

And you will learn that BUTLER & HAYNES keep a large stock of

Leads and Zincs,

Ever offered for sale in Bangor. Paints in Oil. Call and see for yourself at the Paint Depot of

No. 27 West Market Square.

BUTLER & HAYNES.

apr8

NEW STORE.

THE undersigned has opened a new and full assortment of

Doors, Sash, Blinds, and Window Frames &c.

Which he will undertake to sell cheaper than the cheapest. Also, Agent for the sale of the celebrated Improved Self-Measuring Clothes Wringer, the General Travelling Agent, A. R. BANGS, of this city, who has had Peddlers' Machines, will show them the difference between the Peddlers' Machines and this Wringer, and will show them the advantage of the LIGHT RUNNING MACHINE over a Peddler's Machine. My old friends, who find, for the want of machines and what not, cutting the flesh of my vegetables, and making them tough, can find a remedy at all times, by calling and examining my Wringer. I will warrant it to last ten years, and will put it on for one dollar per year

stone of pi... ing its straightforward course for the suppression of the evils of Intemperance, are requested to send delegates to a State Convention, to be held in Granite Hall, Augusta, Wednesday, June 15th, 1870, at eleven o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor and to transact such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

The basis of representation will be as follows:

Each city, town and plantation will be entitled to one delegate and one additional delegate for every 75 votes cast for the Republican Governor in 1868. A fraction of 40 will be entitled to an additional delegate.

Delegates are required to be ... the municipality they claim to represent.

The State Committee will be in ... session in Committee Room of the Mall at 9 o'clock ... the Convention for the purpose of receiving the credentials of delegates and to hear and determine contested elections, subject to ... Convention.

JAMES G. BLAINE,
WM. P. FRYE,
CYRUS M. POR...
FREDERICK ROBIE,
WM. F. LOWELL,
JOHN H. WEST,
JOSEPH E. NOYES,
S. S. MARBLE,
TIMOTHY WALK...
WM. P. WINGA...
STANLEY T. PE...
J. W. WAKEFIELD,
HIRAM KNOWL...
S. G. THORTON,
CHARLES B. PAINE,
GEO. E. C. NEWM...
Republican Committee.

District Congressional Convention.

The Republican voters of the F... al District, composed of the County of Piscataquis and Aroostook, are ... Delegates to a Convention to be ... in Bangor, on TUESDAY, the ... June next, at 10 o'clock in the ... purpose of nominating a candidate ... from said District to the next Co... transaction of any other business ... come before said Convention.

Each city, town and plantation ... one delegate and one additional ... 75 votes cast for the Republican ... ernor in 1868, a fraction of 40 or ... to an additional delegate.

ISAIAH ST...
ALEXANDER ...
JASHUA H. ...
DANIEL S. ...
PHINEAS BA...
JOSEPH E. ...
Dis...

MINORITY REPRESENTATION.

The experiment of minority representation, or cumulative voting, has already been tried on a limited scale in some localities; and the Illinois Constitutional Convention resolved on the 6th inst. to submit to a vote of the people, as a separate article of the new Constitution, a plan of this nature, proposed by Mr. Joseph Medill. It provides that three representatives shall be elected in each legislative district, and that in such elections, "each qualified voter may cast as many votes for one candidate as there are representatives to be elected, or may distribute the same or equal parts thereof among the candidates as he shall see fit, and the candidates highest in votes shall be declared elected."

Each voter may thus distribute his three votes as he pleases among the three candidates; one vote for each of three men, or three votes for, or to a man, or one and a half votes for of each two.

Under this plan of the cumulative vote, the minority party in each district, if not less than one to three, can by concentrating its strength, infallibly secure one of the three members, and in no case can the majority, as now, elect the whole delegation merely by being the majority. This is the case of St. Clair County, which cast at the last Presidential election 4,814 Republican and 9,200 Democratic votes—if that county were an election district under the present plan, the legislative delegation would be all Republican, whereas on the proposed system two Republican members and one Democrat would be chosen.

And in the same way in Sangamon County, which has a Democratic majority, all three members would be Democrats by mere majority voting, but with minority representation the Republicans would secure one member out of the three. Carrying the principle throughout the State, it is urged that the representation of the people at large, would be much more equitably provided for than at present.

The majority will still rule, but the minorities in different sections will not, as now, be without a voice in legislation, and such anomalies are not likely to occur as recently happened in Connecticut, where the total vote of the State has gone Democratic, while the Legislature remains Republican.

If the vote of the Convention can be taken as the index of the popular mind in that State, the proposed plan will receive a very decisive indorsement. The Convention stood four to one in favor of it. The original plan brought before that body was thought by many too complex for popular comprehension, but the scheme now adopted has the merit of perfect simplicity, and goes before the people in an entirely intelligible shape.

The experiment is restricted to the election of the House of Representatives, the Senate being chosen as before, and by the terms of the article it is not to be put in practice before 1872.

THE GOVERNOR QUESTION. We have seen a letter from Governor Chamberlain, in which he states most emphatically that he will not be the candidate of any party at the approaching Gubernatorial election. Gov. Chamberlain, during his administration, has conferred lasting honor upon the State of Maine, and will retire from the chair with the respect and esteem of the entire State.

The colored citizens of New York and Brooklyn, says the New York Times, have nobly vindicated the justice of their enfranchisement. They have voted quietly, intelligently, and on the Republican side. "We won't vote against our liberty," said the colored men to their ignorant brethren of the Sixteenth Ward; and so in the twin cities they have faithfully committed a union whose record will, ere long, be manifest. The single exception on the score of orderly conduct occurred in Brooklyn, where a ward politician seems to have been the aggressor, and the negro voter only struck in self-defence. It may, safely be predicted of the colored citizens that they will never furnish a parallel to the disgraceful rowdyism that has been a frequent characteristic of various sections of their white brethren.

The troubles with Winnipeg having been amicably settled, the government had granted permission for the transfer of supplies through the Sault St. Marie Canal, at the request of Minister Thornton. But if there is to be no war, why should supplies be sent there? The citizens of Winnipeg do not require them. Can it be that the immense expedition is to be sent on from Canada notwithstanding the amicable settlement?

UNDER WHICH KING? Conflicting despatches were received direct from Madrid yesterday. One report is that the Council of Ministers have determined to invest Serrano, as Regent, with royal attributes, if no candidate for the throne is found in a reasonably short time. Other telegrams state that the Regency will thrust the crown upon Espartero in defiance of any other solution of the situation. It is believed that his resolution to decline the crown was not absolutely final.

...RNAL TAXES. Accompanying the ...eduction taxation, Senator Sherman ... ...l, submitted a table showing the In... ...revenue taxes collected in that ... the fiscal year ending June 30 ... the amount of such as are repealed ... and as follows: Repealed by the ...ties of U. S. officers, or employees, ... special taxes, on banks and bank... ...110,402; other special taxes, $880,145; ... receipts, $6,900,099; sales, $8,206, ...come, about $14,000,000; legacies, ...; successions, $1,180,756; schedule ...500; passports, $20,415; miscellaneous, ...40,150 &c.; total, $48,567,774. Retained: ...id, $45,029,402; tobacco, $23,430, ...mured liquors, $6,000,880; banks ...rs, $2,100,054; income, about $20,... ...stamps, $10,420,710; gas, $2,110,000; ...collected, $277,083; excess of Gaug... ...$44,820; total, $110,441,670.

RIVAL STEAMERS. Gov. Baldwin has ... the Superintendent of the Sault St ... that to allow the passage of unarmed ... transports not carrying troops or the ...s of war. Minister Thornton last ... a formal application to Secretary ... this privilege, and gave official as... that the trouble in the Red River ... has been principally and entirely set... an agreement between her Majesty's ... at in the Dominion, and delegates ... ing the entire population of the Red ... untry and that the purpose of the ... expedition is purely peaceful.

...o'clock Wednesday evening, but ... been refused permission to pass ... Marie Canal. Colonel Malton com... the British forces, visited on Gener... in command of the District, and ... the intentions of the American Gov... ernment with regard to the Chicora. Gen. Cooke replied, "My instructions are absolute; nothing, whatever, connected with the Red River Expedition, can pass the Canal. I must, therefore, absolutely refuse to allow the Chicora to pass.

The Toronto Globe and Telegraph of Wednesday, have strong articles in favor of building a canal on the Canadian ground around Sault St. Marie, and hold that the privileges now enjoyed by American vessels in Canadian Canals should cease until the question is adjusted.

THE EIGHT HOUR LEAGUE. A Convention called by the Eight Hour League was in session on Wednesday, at Horticultural Hall, Boston, Geo. E. McNeil of Boston presiding. Wendell Phillips presented resolutions, among them the following: That this Convention regards the shortening of the hours of labor as the first change to be urged on the attention of the community, believing that the leisure thus secured to the working men will be in the main well used, and, add in fitting them for that system of co-operation, which is the best basis for a fair and final arrangement of the relations of capital and labor.

A letter was also read from Gerrit Smith sympathizing with the movement.

Stephen S. Foster spoke in opposition. He said he was a working man and wanted the privilege of laboring as many hours as he pleased, and of hiring forces many hours as he wished.

Mrs. Julia Ward Howe favored the object of the meeting, and Rev. W. H. Channing spoke at length upon co-operation and described the favorable working of co-operative societies in Great Britain. Brief addresses were made by several working men, setting forth the necessity of a reduction of days labor to eight hours, and considering this as the immediate object, co-operation being pronounced impracticable until the first should be attained. At the evening session Wendell Phillips and Mrs. Livermore addressed the Convention. The attendance afternoon and evening was quite large.

THE LONDON TIMES ON "RACE." The London Times, of Thursday morning, has a remarkably bitter editorial article on the alleged mismanagement of the Erie Railroad Office, and the course pursued in relation to the shares in the stock market. The writer asserts that the standard of commercial morality is lower in New York than anywhere else in the world. What in England would be deemed crimes, are there regarded as masterpieces of financiering. It concerns the American people to purge themselves of this reproach, though it will be a task equal in difficulty to the abolition of slavery.

SAN DOMINGO. As soon as Secretary Fish returned to Washington, the President sent communications to the Senate and House of Representatives, recommending the annexation of the Island of San Domingo to the United States. The President's message was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and attempted to cross the Yellow Stone River. About midway across, the current took the raft down the stream and its eight occupants were swept over the Falls to instant death.

A BELLIGERENT LAWYER. While Judge Fisher, who has recently entered upon his duties of District Attorney, was passing towards his office in Washington on Wednesday, afternoon, Joseph H. Bradley met him, and, after saying "how do," or "how then," dealt him a heavy blow with an ordinary walking stick. Mr. Bradley then closely approached Judge Fisher, when the latter threw out his foot tripping Mr. Bradley, who fell heavily to the pavement, dragging Judge Fisher with him, the two rolling. At this juncture several parties interfered, separating the belligerents and conducting them to their respective offices. Judge Fisher's ear was slightly cut by the fall and his shoulder somewhat hurt. Charles Fisher having learned of the occurrence, declared his purpose to resent the assault upon his father and started for Bradley's office, in the second story of the building, but was prevented by the crowd from entering, and after considerable persuasion by his father and friends, he was induced to withdraw. The crowd at one time became so great that Fisher came out and appealed to them to leave, saying no one had been hurt, and he should not attack any one. Mr. Bradley has manifested the settlement of a long standing difficulty with Judge Fisher, whenever the latter should leave the bench for the Attorney-ship, and took the first opportunity that was presented.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Thurlow Weed, Charles B. Smith, has engaged Mason Hall for morning services.

Red Cloud and a band of Sioux, are at Fort Fetterman, en route for Washington.

Miss Fenton, daughter of Senator Fenton, will be married June 1st, to Mr. Hegeman, son of another druggist in New York.

Dr. Tupper enters the Dominion Cabinet as Receiver General, in place of Mr. Kenny, who has been appointed Governor of Manitoba.

The Tennessee Senate on Monday passed a bill to the first reading, prohibiting marriage between white and colored persons.

In Wisconsin the Democracy will hold State Convention and nominate no candidate this year. They will ... their time, money, and temper.

Hon. Lot Lull, ... under and editor of Littell's Living Age, died ... on Wednesday, at his ... Brookline, Mass., aged ...

The Mount Morion Church and Society, Boston, have ... years, unanimously voted their pastoral call to Rev. E. P. P... ...fer, of Hartford, Conn.

Gov. Ewing, of Indiana, has ... Gen. Tuck, Rep., ... and return to Georgia for the ... ing in defiance of the Governor's ... policy.

Charles J. Folger was elected Grand of the two Republican Justices of the N.Y. Court of Appeals, and he then ... Charles Andrews, ... of Syracuse, ... Judge Masten, to Mr. ... Cuyler, the other Democratic ... ...5,000.

Baron Von Beust, Prime Minister of Austria and Count Andrassy, the Premier, have ... ...t of all the rights of the Roman Catholic Church, declaring the infallibility of the Pope.

Elder P. Cargill of Carrol... N. H., ...t preach at Smithwich, ...ing his ... ...preparatory to moving, receive... ...how in the stomach, from pub... ...ered and I walked about two miles, ...died suddenly. He was about ... ...of age.

The Rhode Island Providence, R. I., Wednesday, ...ening, to ... ...the ratification of the Fifth amendment. ... ...Butterfield, Major Clarke, William Lloyd Garrison, Rev. C. Woodbury, Rev. H. C. Graves, Hon. Thomas D... ...and J. M. Kad... ...dent Eas...

The ... ...ections ... ...the Hebron ... ...Tuesday by Mr. Sloan, ...of impeachment ... ...brought against Judge ... ...Field and Holman, are ... ...by W. H. H. ... ...a lawyer in San Francisco, ...was killed by ... ...in the U. S. Court in California, and ... ...ion of the ... ...session, and ... ...conduct, but others. None of the charges are specific in their character, and there seems to be no means of ascertaining what proof, if any, will be brought before the Judiciary Committee to sustain them.

There was an interesting and exciting ... ...in the New York Board of Education ... ...Wednesday, over the question of ... ...corporal punishment in the public ... ...The arguments for and against ... ...were ... ...with ... ...vivid lan... ...guage. Quite a number of ... ...were ... ...and the ... ...matter was finally ... ...by the passage of the following ... ...with ... ...reference to corporal punishment in the public ... ...schools: "That those ... ...plinary ... ...measures ... ...which ... ...are ... ...found ... ...necessary ... ...for the ... ...government ... ...of the ... ...schools ... ...shall ... ...be ... ...left ... ...to the ... ...discretion ... ...of the ... ...teachers, ...subject ... ...to such ... ...regulations ... ...as may ... ...be ... ...established ... ...by the ... ...Board ... ...of ... ...Education."

The General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church, met Tuesday morning, at the Fifth Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia. The preceding ... were opened with prayer, by M. W. Jacobs, of Allegheny, Pa., the Moderator of the last ... ...followed by a sermon on "One spirit and one body, the ideal of the Christian Church," by Rev. Dr. Fowler, of Utica, N. Y., ...sermon over which the ... ...Assembly. ... ...gates were in attendance.

The President has instructed the Attorney General to ascertain what steps are necessary to protect the interests of the Government with the Union Pacific Railroad, and to prevent the Road from being ... ...by a receiver on the order of the Wyoming Territorial ...

The new hospital of the National Soldiers' Home in Cleveland, Ohio, ...is to be formally opened on Thursday. It ... ...commodations for 300 patients. Governor Hayes of Ohio, Gov. Baker of Indiana, Gen. Schenck, Gen. Wilcox and Gen. Sam'l Galloway were expected to be present.

The Stockholders of the Ohio, Chemung and Susquehanna Railroad, on Wednesday, ratified the lease of their road to the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, and voted to increase their capital stock to $1,000,000.

General Wood has been placed in charge of the Kansas Pacific Railway line from Wallace to Denver, Colorado. He has ... companies of cavalry and three of infantry. The garrisons at Forts Wallace, Lyon and Reynolds are at his command, and he is instructed on no account to let the grading be suspended for want of protection to the workmen from the Indians, who have raided on the route.

YOUNG LADIES' OF ST. XAVIER'S ACADEMY,

AT THE

NOROMBEGA HALL,

ON TUESDAY EVENING, May 24th, 1870.

Programme.

I. MAY QUEEN, Grand May Day.

II. THE CHRISTIAN MARTYR, or, Persecution of Christians in Germany, in four Acts.

III. SOLOS, DUETS, Chorus of Young Ladies, Songs, and New Comic Songs.

Splendid Costumes and Scenieries have been engaged for this occasion.

Tickets, 75 cts. ... Reserved Seats, 35 cts. Children tickets 15 cts.

Performance to commence at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Tickets to be had at the Academy, Messrs Tobie's, Messrs. Kelly's, Goldens, Hurley's & McCann's Store, at the Hall.

may24 ... 3td

Bangor and Piscataquis Railroad Company.

The annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Bangor and Piscataquis Rail Road Company will be held on Wednesday the first day of June next at 2 o'clock P. M., at the City Hall, Bangor, to act on the following business:

1st. ... ...cers of the Company.

2d. To determine what business if any the stockholders will adopt to complete the construction of their Road.

3d. To act upon any other business which may legally come before said meeting.

S. D. TRUSTON, Clerk.

may21 ... 3td

What does Reason say?

The Indian mongoose, or ichneumon by nationality acquired the effect of the poison, Timothy Hartlinck. Disease comes on the other hand, must depend on reason and experience in selecting the means of protecting itself against unwholesome influences. Now, what does reason say on this vital subject? Does it not tell us that to invigorate and purify the system we must ... against the invisible ... which ... ...ing ... ...that guide shall we follow in ... ...mental ... Reason replies let ... ...ence have. Well, the experience of ... ...in one unbroken series of ... ...thousands ... ...in that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a ... ...strengthening, regulating ... ...which are not combined in ... ...They ... ...and ... ...by the ... ...which per... ...ing ... ...by any other cause. ... ...constitutional or connected ... ...and forever ...

...a nervous ... ...scarcely more ... ...than that which lurks in foul ... ...water. ... ...the bowels and other ... ...those ... ...of the bowels and other ... ...ing ... ...ing ... ...clo... ...ing ... ...which ... ...ing ... ...ing ... ...ing

TELEGRAPHIC

FROM THE

Whig & Courier.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS—SECOND SESSION

WASHINGTON, May 10.

SENATE.

Mr. Pomeroy presented a memorial of 300 citizens of Rhode Island, representing that in that State there is a distinction between white male citizens, as to the right to vote—naturalized citizens being denied the ballot unless possessed of $1000 worth of real estate. He thought the evil should be remedied by Rhode Island amending her legislation; that Congress could not appropriately remedy unless by virtue of the 14th amendment. The basis of Representation in that State was reduced; no irregularity between white citizens in suffrage should be allowed to continue. He gave notice that he would bring in a bill on the subject.

Mr. Pomeroy also presented a resolution requesting the President to open negotiation with the Government of Great Britain, with a view to ascertain whether a union can be effected between the British North American Provinces, and the United States, on terms honorable to both.

Laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

The amendment bill was proceeded with, and Mr. Hadliston, of Md., concluded his argument in illustration of the unconstitutional and generally defective character of the bill.

Mr. Sherman, from Finance Committee, reported, with amendments, a bill to reduce taxation. The amendments consist merely of modifications to avoid ambiguities, with additional section authorizing the President at his discretion to discontinue or consolidate internal revenue districts.

Mr. Schurz replied to Mr. Hamilton, arguing that the constitutional authority for the bill was found in the provisions of the 15th amendment, by which Congress reserved the right to enforce it by appropriate legal action. He was opposed to all undue accumulation of power in the general government, and still more, to all centralization of the administrative functions, and he thought that the Republican party would do well to direct rather than assist the popular opinion on that question.

Mr. Pool gave notice of an amendment to prevent the constraint or compulsion of voters by threats of discharge from employment, or the reverse.

Mr. Trumbull made a report from the Judiciary Committee, which was ordered to be printed, as to whether corrupt means have been used to influence the vote of Senators on the Georgia bill.

Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. Connor, of Texas, offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to enquire and report what action is necessary to compel Mexico to fulfil her treaty obligations with the United States, and presented a resolution of the Texas Legislature, complaining of Mexico for harboring outlaws and hostile Indians. Referred.

A bill was passed for the sale of the buildings and grounds of United States Arsenals at Rome, N. Y.; Vergennes, Vt.; Fayetteville, N. C.; Mt. Vernon, Ala., and Chattahoochie, Florida. Also the captured lands and tenements belonging to the United States at Shreveport, Louisiana, Marshall and Jefferson, Texas, and in Marion and Davis Counties, Texas.

Mr. Slocum, of New York, asked consent for the Committee on Naval Affairs to report at any time a bill for the removal of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, but objections were made by Mr. Wood, and the House proceeded, in the morning hour, to the consideration of the railway and navigation and commercial interests of the United States. Mr. Lynch, of Maine, giving notice that he would not press it to a vote before Tuesday next.

Mr. Hale addressed the House in support of the bill, arguing against the repeal of navigation laws as an act which would give a fatal blow to American ship-building.

Mr. Allison, of Iowa, opposed the bill.

The morning hour expired and the bill went over.

The House, in Committee of the Whole, took up the Consular Diplomatic Appropriation bill.

Mr. Kelsey proceeded with his argument against the acquisition of San Domingo and the whole system of making estimates, and appropriating the public money, which he characterized as defective, loose and extravagant.

Mr. Banks of Mass., opposed the withdrawal of the consulate from Odessa, that being a very important grain port; he also opposed the withdrawal of the mission from Paraguay as a minister was necessary there, now that Brazil was preparing to swallow up that Republic, to watch the events and to report the facts to his Government; he was also opposed to the proposition requiring accounts to be furnished of the expenditures of the secret service fund. As to San Domingo, he said said that the non-possession by the United States of a naval station in the late war prolonged the war and thereby swelled the expenditures of life and treasure.

The committee then proceeded to consider the bill by sections, for amendments.

Mr. Brooks, of New York, moved to strike out Guntanamo and insert Rome as the place for a minister resident, and advocated the motion on behalf, he said, of the most remarkable city of the world; in behalf of art and artists, and in behalf of American travelers who wished to have their country represented there.

The amendment was rejected—15 to 97.

NEW YORK ITEMS.

NEW YORK, May 10.

The Chamber of Commerce this afternoon, elected Wm. E. Dodge, President for the ensuing year; George Opdyke, Vice President; Francis S. Lothrop, Treasurer; George Wilson, Secretary. The Executive Committee, at their own request, were relieved from further consideration of the various pending resolutions, memorials to Congress relative to the funding bill, administration of the revenue laws, &c. The Chamber now has 765 members, 13 having died during the past year.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott Siddons' sailed in the Tarifa this afternoon, for Liverpool.

Dorette Wedekind, a widow, recovered $8 900, in the Brooklyn Courts, to-day, from C. H. Bergman, which he obtained from her on a promise of marriage.

Mayor Kalbfleisch of Brooklyn, refuses to approve of a further expenditure on Prospect Park, on the ground that the legislative act, authorizing the outlay, is unconstitutional. The Park Commissioners will ask the courts to compel the Mayor, to authorize the improvements, and in the meantime the work will probably cease.

Mrs. Margaret Gosling committed suicide to-day, while insane, by setting fire to her clothing.

The N. E. Magdhin Society held their 57th anniversary to-day.

Clara Louise Kellogg has been presented with an elegant fruit regulator, valued at $500, as a testimonial of her success in Trovatore, Monday evening. The gift is from professional and amateur critics.

James Carnell, a notorious pickpocket, while waiting to be tried in Jefferson Market Police Court this morning, stepped out suddenly and has not been seen since.

Richard L. Stramore leads the Tammany ticket for Common Pleas Judges in this city, receiving 82,251 votes.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

BELFAST, Md., May 10.

The British barque, Ida E. (of St. John), Capt. Higgins, from Liverpool 5th ult. arrived at this port to-day, with a cargo of salt.

BOSTON, May, 10.

Arrived—Steamer Nevens, New York; brig Sportsman, Philadelphia; schooner William Lawrence, Baltimore; also arrived, Br. brig C. T. Tompkins, New York for St. John's, N. F., in distress, having been in contact with the Pollock Rip Light-ship, night of the 18th, and had fore-rigging carried away, and was cut down to the water's edge on port side.

Sailed—Steamship Samaria, New York.

NEW YORK, May 10.

Arrived—Steamships Allemania, Hamburg; Missouri, Havana; Lafayette, Havre; Borussia, Havre; Erin, Liverpool; Bremen, Bremen.

The British steamer Suffolk, from London, April 21st, with telegraph cables, &c., put in here to-day, short of coal. She is bound to Jamaica.

CABLE NEWS.

London, May 10. David Octavius Hill, the eminent Scotch landscape painter, died to-day in his 68th year.

Liverpool, May 10. The Liverpool Chamber of Commerce object to the new shipping code as imperfectly imperfect.

London, May 10. The trade in the Bank of England has increased £238,000 during the last week.

Paris, May 10. The Emperor will visit the Chambers on Saturday and receive the official announcement of the vote on the Plebiscitum. He will then deliver an address, which it is said will be an expression of gratitude to the people, and a promise to fulfill all liberal aspirations.

It is reported that the Italian banker Conneschi will not receive permission to return to France.

Madrid, May 10. The Duke De Montpensier has returned to Madrid. His eldest son had a long conference, to-day with Regent Serrano. It is rumored that the Unionist party foresee the impossibility of the proposition that the present Regent be invested with Royal attributes and are preparing to bring about that result.

London, May 10. Dispatches from Hong Kong give flattering accounts of the prospect of the tea and silk crops, which it is said promise largely above the average yield.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 10.

The Customs receipts for the week ending May 10, were as follows:

New York,	$2,484,145 22
Boston,	251,718 52
Philadelphia,	178,524 00
Baltimore,	177,288 53
New Orleans, (for the week ending on the 6th inst.)	276,821 00
San Francisco, (for the same week)	251,467 00
Total,	$3,719,964 27

The Internal Revenue office has no doubt certain, rather to the extent that every man who wears cotton undershirts bitter, owing to their not having received information that the tax had been paid, and who prefers to be placed in the class of manufacturers themselves, rather than dissolved splints, and stamp their future selling, exempting them from the place of manufacture, shall be allowed to pay a special tax as a manufacturer, and not be required to pay the general tax specified.

MONETARY STATUS.

NEW YORK, May 10.

Money was easy at six per cent. for call.

Foreign Exchange market to-day closed at 109½.

American gold closed at 111¼.

Government bonds closed as follows:

U. S. 6-20s (coupon)	1867	111
U. S. 6-20s (coupon)	1868	111½
U. S. 6-20s (coupon)	1865	111½
U. S. 6-20s (coupon)	1865	111½
U. S. 6-20s (coupon)	1865	111½
U. S. 7-30s (coupon)		106
U. S. 10-40s (coupon)		106
U. S. 10-40s (coupon)		106
Central Pacific Bonds,		
Union Pacific, 1st mortgage,		
Southern Pacific,		
Generally firm.		
Tennessee 6s (old),		
Tennessee 6s (new),		
Virginia 6s (new),		
Georgia 6s,		
North Carolina 6s (new),		
South Carolina 6s (new),		
Missouri 6s,		
Louisiana 6s, (ex-coupons),		
Alabama 8s,		

The following are the closing quotations:

Western Union 30	Pacific Mail 72
Boston Water Power Co. 5	N. Y. Central 92½
New York Central 92½	Hudson River 118
Reading 97½	Michigan Central 120
Michigan Southern & Northern Indiana 69½	Illinois Central 118
Cleveland & Pittsburg 97½	Cleveland & Toledo 109½
Chicago & Rock Island 104	Chicago & Northwestern 84½
Chicago & Northwestern preferred 90	Chicago & Fort Wayne 80
Ohio & Mississippi 31½	Illinois Central Railroad Company 118
Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago 118	Toledo & Wabash 39½
Wabash Railroad Company preferred 76	Erie 49½
Erie preferred 70	Ohio & Mississippi Railroad 31½
Boston & Albany 134	

MARKETS

NEW YORK, May 10.

Cotton [illegible]—sales 1,000 bales—Middling Uplands 19½.

Flour [illegible] bbls—State and Western [illegible] Round Hoop Ohio 6.30@7.10—Western [illegible] Round Hoop Ohio 6.80@7.10—Southern [illegible] 7.15@8.75.

Wheat [illegible]—sales 72,000 bushels—No. 1 Spring 1.21—Winter Red and Amber Western 1.28@1.30.

Corn [illegible]—sales 60,000 bushels—new mixed Western 1.00@1.02.

Oats [illegible]—sales 9000 bushels—Western 68@70.

Beef [illegible]—Mess [illegible] 11.00@15.00—Prime 10.00@10.50.

Pork [illegible]—sales 4000 bbls—new mess 20.20—Prime 20.00@20.50.

Lard [illegible]—sales 0000 bbls—steam rendered 13@13½.

Rosin 1.85.

Butter—Dull—Ohio 20@25—State 20@35.

Rice—Carolina, Qua 7½.

Sugar—Muscovado 9½@9¾—Fair to Good Refining 9@9½.

Naval Stores quiet—spirits turpentine 50@51—Rosin 2.90@6.00.

Petroleum dull—crude 15½—refined 25½.

Freights to Liverpool—cotton 7-16d—Corn per steamer 7d.

CHICAGO, May 10.

Flour [illegible] 5.60@6.50—Spring wheat 1.07@1.08—White [illegible] 1.20@1.21—Corn [illegible]—No. 2 [illegible]—Oats strong—No. 2 [illegible]—Rye quiet—No. 2 [illegible].

Marine Journal.

PORT OF BANGOR.

[illegible] Ship News and Telegraphic [illegible].

ARRIVED.

[illegible] 10th inst.

Schr [illegible], Rockland.

Schr [illegible], Rockland.

Schr [illegible], Rockland

MAY.

Beautiful, radiant May!
She comes with her flowery train;
In silk so soft, low chirps,
And mystical rhyme
Of the south wind's sweet refrain.

Beautiful, blushing May!
She comes with a silvery song
Of spoil, purling rills,
With music that thrills
Through the verdant vales along.

Beautiful, wholesome May!
No'er was maiden so fair;
The first flowers of Spring
To her vestments cling—
And twine in her flowing hair.

Beautiful, wholesome May!
Careless, happy and free!
Oh, never was queen,
In her regal sheen,
So wondrous may fairies she.

Lovely, balm-breathing May!
Beautiful queen of the flowers!
I would if I might,
In life onward flight,
Father lay sweet gliding hours.

Orrington.

THE JAFFA MAINE COLONY.

Its Rise, Decline and Fall.

The latest news from Palestine furnishes the particulars of the utter failure of the attempt of Elder Adams and his deluded followers from Maine, to colonize the heart of the Holy Land at Jaffa. The humiliating history of this scheme, shows how easily certain people are duped by impostors coming in the garb of religion—"wolves in sheep's clothing" among them. We present a short account of this lamentable religious enterprise.

G. J. Adams, alias Rev. G. J. Adams, alias Rev. G. J. W. Adams, was born in Liverpool, of Jewish parentage. When he was seventeen or eighteen years old, he emigrated to America and obtained employment in a tailor's establishment in New Jersey. During this period he became noted as an exemplary, pious Methodist class leader, and is said to have shone with great brilliancy at love feasts and prayer meetings. Subsequently Adams became a strolling player, a Mormon elder, and then a "Praying Preacher." This epithet the earnest by his practice, of ainduncing at the end of a play, that he would preach a sermon, giving out the text the following Sunday, at such a hall or chapel, naming the place. At this period of his career he married Mrs. ——— Adams, who often assisted him at the theatre. There were rumors about, a year or two ago, that Adams after his marriage, had "to flee from a certain pistol," or, in other words, he had seduced Mrs. Adams, whose former husband is, it is alleged, still living, and known as Mr. Adams Palmer, wife. Finding his avocation as an actor rabbit pluck out, and his habits unfitting him for any respectable situation, in 1861, as a last resort, he developed his scheme of the Church of the Messiah, and began going from village to village preaching on the "Prophecy," and eventually reached Maine, where, under the guidance of "divine revelations," he preached the doctrines once delivered to the saints," and unfolded his project for "the gathering to Palestine" and "dispensation of the fulness of times."

Amid much opposition, he gathered, during four years' mumstry, several churches, as they were called, over whom he ordained bishops and elders to preside. He is certain that the restoration of the Holy Land is really begun, it was decided by the members of the church of the Messiah, to send Adams and Abraham McKenzie, of Jonesport, Me a church member, following the example of Joshua of old, to spy out the land, and to return, report whether the mountains, like Judea, really dropped oil and wine. Adams and his companions arrived during the cholera season, and were quarantined forty days at Beirut; this over, they proceeded to Jerusalem and spent a few weeks in that city. Adams, drunk nearly all the time, was full of expectations about the country, the climate, the people, and especially of the fertility of the soil.

On their return Adams declared before the assembly of his followers, that, words, too inexpressible of describing, what his eyes had seen. "Why, to let alone other things, the fruit was so clear that the very stars appeared as large as cart wheels! The soil was so fruitful that four crops of wheat could be raised a year, yielding each from thirty to one hundred bushels to the acre." Adams in short, almost led them to suppose, if any of them took a familiar phrase, that gold actually grew on trees.

In July, 1867, the conduct of Adams the prophet, showed his true character, and the blind and deluded followers preferred charges and specifications against him and put the case in the hands of the American Consul. Among the charges were habitual drunkenness, licentiousness, forgery, &c.! The Consul investigated these troubles, and gave them all the assistance in his power. Many of the colonists then took their leave.

The colonists continued leaving until the spring of 1868, when there were only twenty left, including women and children, who still persisted in holding in the sanctity of their "republic." During the last days of the colony, the confusion was disreputable. Adams and his wife acted in such a manner towards the remaining colonists that they were bound over to keep the peace. In June, 1868, Adams and his wife suddenly became reconciled, sold off their furniture and everything saleable in their hands, mortgaging their land to satisfy their creditors among the natives, and were suffered by the authorities to leave Jaffa with the hope that they would never return. The latest news of them is that they are now in England, preaching the "Dispensations of the Fulness of Times" and trying to gain new converts.

The colony has now dwindled to three men, four women, and seven children. The men have been employed by the Pacha of Jerusalem for hiring the omnibuses between Jerusalem and Jaffa, of the new road. These men intend getting back to the United States as soon as they can. Two of the women support themselves by washing and sewing, their husbands are in America, they refused to accompany them, persistent in believing that Adams will return and reestablish himself at Jaffa. Of the others, one is the wife of one of the men lately employed by the Pacha, and the other, whose husband died of fever, has married a dragoman, or guide for travellers. The greater part of the property of the late colonists has been purchased by the Pacha of the colony, under the leadership of Bishop Hoffman.

A Good Muff Story. A California paper tells of an excursion got up by a party of young gentlemen and ladies, for a drive one surprise that to some of their acquaintances. They went in sleighs, and the party was so numerous that some of the vehicles had to carry three passengers. In one case a lady and two gentlemen occupied the sleigh. The gentlemen of course would not allow the lady to take an exposed seat, she therefore sat in the middle. As the night was extremely cold, gentleman No. 1 quietly handed his hand (a remarkably small one by the way) into the lady's muff. As the muff was not very capacious, the lady quietly removed one of her hands from the same. In a few moments she felt a movement on the other side and found gentleman No. 2 attempting to pass his hand into the muff on that side. She then quietly withdrew her hand from the muff, and allowed him to do so. What took place in the muff afterward, she is unable to say. But each of the gentlemen privately reported to a small circle of friends, how warmly the lady had returned the pressure of his hand in the muff, while the lady as privately reported to a small circle of friends the capital sole she had made of both gentlemen.

New Theory of Sleep. The Bowdoin Review translates from Cosmos, an article by M. E. Sombler, presenting a new theory of sleep. Man and animals, it is well known consume in respiration a quantity of oxygen; notably greater than that returned to the air in the form of carbonic acid; the difference between these two quantities being much greater by night, and during sleep, than by day. It is also known that no form of force which the living organism manifests, (mechanical work, muscular contraction, animal heat, electricity, cerebral activity, etc.) can be produced without the agency of oxygen. It is upon these facts that the new theory is founded.

According to M. Sommer, the blood (principally the globules) and the tissues take up oxygen to be used as required for the various organic functions. When this provision is no longer sufficient to maintain the vital activity of the organs, the brain, nervous system, muscles, etc., of the body falls into that peculiar state which we call sleep; which is, therefore, only a result of this deoxidizing process in the organism. But respiration, continuing, introduces fresh supplies of oxygen. Of this a small portion, utilized for this production of heat, is given off as carbonic acid, while the remainder accumulates in the blood, until sufficient results to allow the renewal of all the functional activities of the body, and thus awakening results. By repose, by reduction degree, the same effects as sleep.

ALL SORTS AND SIZES.

Shoo Fly soup—Oil of tall.

Jordan has done much to make De Rodas hard to travel as possible.

Philadelphia wants to be the Capital of Pennsylvania.

The wife of Senator Wilson is dangerously ill.

A portrait of Anson Burlingame is to be painted in Hall.

Gen. Grant has written a letter to Gen. Prim declining the candidacy for the Spanish throne, on account of his great age.

The grand lodge of Missouri Odd Fellows met at St. Louis Tuesday. The lodge has 11,000 members. Its assets are $211,846 an increase for the last year of $33,277.

Notwithstanding Independence day was celebrated by the Northmost of New York with the usual noise and confusion, a dispatch says there was no fatal accident.

Mr. Disraeli said, when Augustus prosecuted a mackintosh—"Water proof of innocence."

From Australia to England by the Pacific Railroad, leading by the Suez Canal time by three days.

Prince Oscar Gustaf Duke Alexis is coming to this country to "inspect the American system of nature."

A lady is writing in favor of limiting, for a given time, ranging from years, with privilege of renewal consent.

Forty Topp is going to Germany, to be called, name, and thus abandons she has reached forty."

Professor Dahlgren deports a cent of arms motto *Pars quorum fuit.* His and Dahlgren gun interest.

Sticks for table use hang just below to the restaurants of Germany. every purpose for smoking. cost less than a cent.

Professor Agassiz for making a collection of the skeletons of all deceased for the Harvard museum, is awarded in Germany. Carl Vogt is to have been the originator

The manufacturers of Paterson, N. J. forward to the time when raw obtained from California, and leading silk firms have been State, to acquaint themselves with the prospects of silken culture there.

The fatal statuary in Christ church Oxford, England, was recently removed during the night and buried into time. The Press is severe against the perpetrators of the outrage.

It is thought that Dr. Schoppe, under sentence of death in Pennsylvania, for the alleged poisoning of a woman to whom he was engaged to be married to obtain her property, will be executed, notwithstanding the great efforts to obtain a new trial.

Baron Von Beck, a wealthy German of Rondout, who has been living with his second wife nearly forty years, was lately quite astonished at the appearance of his first wife, in Switzerland.

A New York architect is drawing plans for a hotel at Hartford, to accommodate families, with suites of apartments en-, with exception of kitchens. ing will be done in one locality for de house, and the meals will be furnished at cost on the cooperative plan.

A fellow had been a widow, but three recently called to a jeweller's shop York, the gold plate of the false to her husband, ordering it to be made so to be used upon the decision of her with the foremost of the couch heretofore deceased husband.

JOHN F. ROBINSON,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.

LINCOLN, MAINE.

Attention given to the collection of claims.

HILLS' RHEUMATIC PILLS.

Prepared for the cure of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Headache. And also, for Constitutionally Disordered Blood. Sold by all Druggists throughout the country. Price of Pills sent by mail, per box, $1.

Sole Agent for the State of Maine.

O. A. HILL, Portland, Me.

NOTICE.

The members of the Penobscot Marble Face Ice Company are hereby notified that the meeting of said Company will be held at the office in Bangor, on MONDAY, the thirtieth day of May, A. D. 1870, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of the transaction of any other business legally coming before said meeting.

RYM ARNOLD, Jr., Clerk.

Bangor, May 16th, 1870.

Secretary.

Washington Railroad Company.

It having been found that the amount of capital stock of the Washington Railroad Company, as reported in the annual report of the Company to the Legislature of Maine, is insufficient to complete the road, the subscribers to the stock of the Washington Railroad Company are hereby notified that an assessment to the undersigned, Treasurer of said Company, at his office in Calais, on or before the twenty-second day of June next, of Ten Dollars per share on the stock subscribed for by them.

THOMAS W. ROSE, Treasurer of the Washington Railroad Co.

Calais, April 29, 1870. 3m22

St. James Hotel,

BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS.

Having the leading school of our persons may inform each other by telegram of the time of their intended arrival, which will be their conduct in accordance with the reduction in the rates of fare, the commutation boat and the St. James Hotel.

PROPRIETOR, ST. JAMES HOTEL.

WASS67

State of Maine.

Secretary's Office,

Augusta, March 31, 1870.

In conformity with section 20, chapter 26, laws of 1869, I hereby give public notice to all persons interested therein, that the liability of the following named banks is discontinued by the State of Maine, to redeem their bills, all circulation having been withdrawn:

Kennebunk Bank, Augusta, Oct. 20, 1865
Belfast Bank, Belfast, January 25, 1871
Bank of Somerset, Skowhegan, May 20, 1870
Bethel Village Bank, Bethel, May 20, 1870
Bath Bank, Bath, July 16, 1870
Canal Bank, Portland, Mar. 31, 1871
Cobbossee Contee Bank, Gardiner, Feb. 25, 1871
Cumberland Bank, Augusta, April 16, 1870
Granite Bank, Augusta, April 21, 1870
Gardiner Bank, Gardiner, March 2, 1871
Hancock Bank, Ellsworth, January 14, 1871
International Bank, Portland, August 7, 1871
Kennebunk Bank, Portland, August 7, 1871
Kennebec Bank, Augusta, January 21, 1870
Long Reach Bank, Bath, October 25, 1870
Lumberman's Bank, Oldtown, March 20, 1871
Merchants Bank, Bangor, March 31, 1871
Mechanic's Bank, Portland, February 11, 1871
Northern Bank, Hallowell, October 7, 1870
Newcastle Bank, Newcastle, March 29, 1871
Oakland Bank, Gardiner, December 16, 1870
Peoples Bank, Waterville, February 14, 1871
Richmond Bank, Richmond, January 4, 1871
Sandy River Bank, Farmington, March 31, 1871
Shore Bank, Portland, October 7, 1870
Sagadahoc Bank, South Berwick, March 28, 1871
Toothe Bank, Waterville, January 1, 1871
Thomaston Bank, Rockland, February 17, 1871
Union Bank, Brunswick, March 31, 1871
Village Bank, Bowdoinham, February 13, 1871
Willoughby Bank, Wahlboro', February 1, 1871
Waterville Bank, Waterville, January 7, 1871.

FRANKLIN M. DREW,

Secretary of State.

apr22 deow4w5w16

Dr. Pattee's Spring Bitters.

The only Blood Purifier and Liver Invigorator now in use.

Never fails to cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Headache, Dizziness, Biliousness, Eruptions on the Skin, Humors of the Blood, and all complaints caused by Impure Blood, Obstruction of Circulation, or a Deranged and Diseased condition of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels.

If you are Sick, try these Bitters. The very first dose will do you good.

[Read the following, which Mrs. B. Rich, of Great Falls, wrote us May 10, 1869:]

Dr. Pattee, in giving testimony as to what your Bitters have done for me. For last years I was not able to do my own work, owing to a disease of the liver. My liver was much swollen, and I was confined to my bed. I tried, and had physicians but got no relief. Seeing your advertising, a friend recommended your Bitters, and I have used only three bottles, which has restored me to health, and my liver is reduced to its natural size, and my health is complete. I never can praise your Bitters too much, and my liver is recommended it to my friends and they are using it and feeling greatly improved by it.

Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.

For Sale by all Druggists in Bangor.

LITTLEFIELD & BATES, PROPRIETORS.

may16 MANCHESTER, N. H. 1y19

H. T. HELMBOLD'S

Concentrated Fluid Extract

BUCHU.

The Great Diuretic.

The Proprietor trusts that his Remedies, from the fact of being advertised, may not be classed as Patent Medicines.

Helmbold's

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

Is a Pharmaceutical Preparation. The proper name is given, and in the most active which can be obtained. It is unlike any other Buchu, and for such diseases is recommended by the Profession. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, free from all fermenting properties, and is taken by Adults and Children, from infancy upwards, with perfect safety. Exhibited, the delicate constitution of the female sex will find it far more strengthening than any of the Preparations of Barks and Wines.

See Medical Properties contained in Dispensatory of the United States, of which the following is a copy:

BUCHU.—Its odor is strong, diffusive and somewhat aromatic; its taste is bitterish, and analogous to that of mint. It is given, chiefly in complaints of the Urinary Organs, such as Gravel, Chronic Catarrh of the Bladder, morbid irritation of the Bladder and Urethra, disease of the Prostate Gland, and Retention or the Incontinence of Urine, from a loss of tone in the parts concerned in its evacuation. It has also been recommended in Dyspepsia, Chronic Rheumatism, Cutaneous Affections, and Dropsy.

Testimony:

CURE OF GRAVEL OF FIVE YEAR'S STANDING—STONE PASSED AND TO BE SEEN.

SAVANNAH, Tenn., May 14, 1869.

Dr. H. T. HELMBOLD.

DEAR SIR—We introduced your "Fluid Extract Buchu" in this country about eight months ago, and are happy to state that it is meeting with universal favor. We wish to inform you of the following case (among many) where your "Buchu" has worked wonders: A man in our country named J. B. Ezell, has been suffering for five years with the gravel. About two weeks ago he purchased one bottle of your "Buchu," and after taking one dose passed a stone about the size of a hazel nut. He has since passed numerous others, and is entirely free from the pain that he suffered with for so long a time. I suffered with the same complaint myself, and can say that your medicine entirely relieved me, and would recommend all who are similarly affected to try it. I have great faith in its curative powers. Yours truly,

THOMAS J. BENNETT.

REFERENCES:

Rev. WILLIAM COGSWELL, Westport, Conn.
H. J. G. CANNON, Druggist, Westport, Conn.
H. WHEELER, Esq., Westport, Conn.
BRADLEY HULL, Esq., Westport, Conn.
Dr. WAKEMAN, Reading, Conn.
C. H. ROBINSON, Wholesale Druggist, New York City.
And many others if necessary.

CURE OF KIDNEY AND BLADDER AFFECTION OF A PATIENT SEVENTY-EIGHT YEARS OF AGE.

Thanks to Mr. Helmbold.

GIRARD, Pa., March 2, 1869.

EDITOR COURIER:—I desire as an humble tribute to the merits of Helmbold's Buchu, for the benefits of those similarly afflicted as myself, to say that after consulting many eminent physicians, and trying nearly all the boasted remedies, in the vain hope of finding relief from my excruciating agony and misery, I was induced to try Helmbold's Buchu, which I procured from Mr. Hemphill, druggist, of this place. I had thought to withhold it from the public, but considering it my duty, I send you the following statement, which I would request you to publish, and add my name to the many living witnesses to its wonderful curative powers. Yours respectfully,

D. M. LAREN.

Mr. Laren refers to the following gentlemen:

Col. DAN RICE, Girard, Pa.
CHAS. SPROW, Girard, Pa., Editor Cosmopolite.
GEORGE H. CUTLER, Girard, Pa., Attorney.
C. C. HUTCHINS, Girard, Pa., Attorney.
Capt. D. W. HUTCHINS, Girard, Pa., Attorney.
Gen. CYRUS L. DOBIN, Girard, Pa., Merchant.
DAVID E. DAY, Girard, Pa., Merchant.
C. C. HOCKWELL, Girard, Pa., Merchant.
S. C. ELY, Girard, Pa., Druggist.

A CASE OF INFLAMMATION OF KIDNEY AND GRAVEL.

From Morgan Frazie & Co.

GLASGOW, Mo., February 6, 1868.

DEAR SIR: About two years ago I was troubled with inflammation of the Kidneys and Gravel which I exerted several remedies, without deriving any benefit whatever, and, seeing your Extract Buchu so highly recommended, I procured a few bottles and used them. The result was complete cure in a short time. I regard your Extract Buchu to be decidedly the best remedy extant for any and all diseases of the Kidneys and urinary organs, and cheerfully will do all in my power to introduce it into this locality. You may publish this if you desire.

Yours respectfully,

EDWIN M. PEAZEL.

Wilmington, Conn., Sept. 5, 1868.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Esq.

DEAR SIR—I commenced taking your "Extract of Buchu" about two weeks since for an affection of the Gravel Bladder and Kidneys. I have entirely made very much relief in a few days past. But yesterday I passed my bladder about the size of a large pea, and I now feel perfectly well and entirely free from the pain that I suffered with so long. I recommend all who are similarly affected to try it. I have great faith in its curative powers. Yours truly,

THOMAS J. BENNETT.

REFERENCES:

Rev. WILLIAM COGSWELL, Westport, Conn.
H. J. G. CANNON, Druggist, Westport, Conn.
H. WHEELER, Esq., Westport, Conn.
BRADLEY HULL, Esq., Westport, Conn.
Dr. WAKEMAN, Reading, Conn.
C. H. ROBINSON, Wholesale Druggist, New York City.
And many others if necessary.

UNITED STATES HOSPITAL, SALISBURY, N. C., March 10, 1869.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Esq.—Please send me one dozen of your Sarsaparilla Extract, and half a dozen of your Rose-wash. Allow me to say that your preparations are very satisfactory, not only to the practitioner, but also to the patient, and I shall be glad to refer to them as universal use in the hospitals of this country.

Please forward these medicines again as before. C. O. D., per express. I am, &c.,

Very respectfully, yours, &c.,

M. H. A. HOFFMAN,

Surgeon in charge of Hospital.

CERTIFICATE OF A DISTINGUISHED MIDWIFE!

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 8, 1869.

MR. HELMBOLD,

SIR: I have used your Extract Buchu with many of my patients, and can speak of it in the highest terms in every case, and consider it a valuable remedy, and one that should be in the hand of every midwife.

Very truly yours,

REBECCA STANTON, M. D.

Ask for Helmbold's—Take no Other.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers Everywhere.

Price $1.25 Per Bottle or Six Bottles for $6.00

Delivered to any Address.

Describe symptoms in all communications.

ADDRESS

H. T. HELMBOLD'S

Drug and Chemical Warehouse,

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NONE ARE GENUINE, unless done up in steel engraved wrappers with fac simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and Medical Depot, 594 Broadway.

H. T. HELMBOLD.

March 1, 1870. 1y

may7 d&w1y

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Fresco Painter,

In Encaustic, Oil and Distemper Colors. Also,

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Instructor of Wood and Marble.

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Civil Engineers,

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Civil Engineering, in all branches, Surveys and Estimates for Roads, and Railroads; Water Supply and Water Power; Designs, Specifications and Estimates for Wood and Iron Bridges and Roofs.

CHAS B. GREENE. may3 1y SETH C. DANFORTH.

To Inventors.

PATENT SOLICITING

I CAN offer to the Public better facilities for procuring LETTERS PATENT than can be obtained by those who reside in New England. In cases requiring close applications through the examination of the Patent and specifications, and be sure that their cases are fully and properly prepared for the Patent Office at the same time, and thus avoid the vexatious delays, so frequently occasioned by the employment of incompetent or inefficient agents and almost daily applications come for advice as to how they can regain the benefits of their cases which should have, no trouble with the most difficult. Patent Applications will be promptly executed.

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Room No. 9, Exchange Block.

REFERS BY PERMISSION TO

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HON. D. A. PERKINS, Bangor. W. T. PAINE, Esq., Bangor.
J. S. ROWE, Esq., Bangor. H. N. EGERY, Esq., Bangor.

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AND

Hair Manufacturer,

Where can be found a Large Assortment of Gentlemen's Chignons, Braids, Switches, and Curls. Wigs Half-Wigs replaced at short notice.

Wigs, and Fancy Prices. Old Hair repaired at short notice. Also an assortment of Yankee Notions and Fancy Goods.

Stencil Cutting.

SINGLE BRANDS and STENCILS of every description cut at short notice. Brass Alphabet Stencil Plates cut in Roman, Writing and Old English letters, with superior indelible ink. Also Key Checks and Rubber Stamps.

Agent for Golding's Elastic Hand Printer, the best thing out for Printing on Envelopes, Labels, and Wrapping Paper.

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FILES ——— FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME to Sharpen up and get ready for business. I have on hand

1000 DOZEN FILES,

And am finishing off 100 Dozen per week, which I am selling at

The Lowest Prices,

and will warrant them equal to any imported. Give me a call and see them.

OLD FILES RECUT, as usual.

JOB COLLETT,

apr21 EXCHANGE ST.

W. T. HILLIARD,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,

Office Merchants Bank, Hammond St.

Bangor, Nov 22, 1869.

B. F. LENNAH,

COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

REFERENCES:—A. W. Paine, Bangor; A. G. Brooks, Secretary Penobscot Boom Co., Bangor; Hon. Joseph Williamson, Bangor.

Special Notice.

THE subscriber, having had a long experience in the manufacture of Lasts, would inform the trade that he is now prepared to furnish Lasts of superior quality, at short notice, and at reasonable prices. Orders solicited.

SEWING MACHINE Wood or Iron Bed Rails, Rod or Slat Bed Rails, Bed Posts, &c. Office Store, Box 3.

Bangor, April 1, 1869. S. S. LOW.

REMOVAL.

By reason of the partial destruction of my premises on the 9th inst., I am compelled to remove to

No. 4 Main Street,

Where I shall be pleased to see all my old customers and as many new ones as may favor me with their patronage.

ONE THOUSAND FAMILIES

In the part of the City, for a ——— to leave their ——— at

No. 4 Main St. No. 4.

Remember—Main St. No. 4. Up Stairs.

apr7 1m* N. Y. Store.

FURNITURE.

GILMAN, TOWNSEND & CO.

MANUFACTURERS,

Have for sale, and are constantly adding to their stock, the most desirable style of

CHAMBER FURNITURE.

Dining Room Furniture.

Hall Furniture.

Library Furniture.

Office Furniture.

Store Furniture.

Ship Furniture.

Common House Furniture.

All kinds of which they offer to the trade at low prices.

9 and 10 Granite Block, East Market Square

Bangor, April 15, 1869. d&w

H. C. GOODENOW.

COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY

TOWN'S BLOCK,

Corner of Hammond & Central Sts.

Nov22 BANGOR.

SOLDIERS OF 1861.

$100 Bounty.

The Secretary of War of the United States has directed that the Bounty of $100 to July 4, 1861, will be paid to all Soldiers who enlisted in the Army and were honorably discharged upon the Surgeon's certificate of disability, and who served two years.

This bounty has hitherto been refused to officers who served less than two years, and to all discharged on account of wounds received in battle. It will be paid to those who enlisted for three years, and were honorably discharged at the expiration of that time.

We are authorized to prosecute this bounty, and will collect it for all entitled, promptly, and at the lowest rates.

Applications will be sent by mail upon request, to those who cannot call at our office. Those for whom ward Rolls, Discharges and Pay Rolls will be necessary to procure, and we will send the

We also collect Pensions, Back Pay, Bounty, &c., for officers and soldiers, promptly, and at the lowest rates.

Applications will be sent by mail upon request, to those who cannot call at our office. Those for whom ward Rolls, Discharges and Pay Rolls will be necessary to procure, and we will send the necessary forms to us, and we will send the

All fees collected by us will be remitted to the Department, soldiers will see the facility of sending their claims to us, and we will send the

Address, MACE & LAUGHTON,

Attorneys and United States Claim Agents,

BANGOR, ME.

d&w

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES

Passed at the Second Session of the Forty-first Congress.

[PUBLIC—No. 49.]

AN ACT to incorporate the Washington and Boston Steamship Company.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That James S. Chenoll, Wendell A. Davis, Horatio Browning, Alphonso Middleton, W. A. Bord, King, Andrew Potts, Al. Gadsby, Sr., Edward Hartley, Jacob A. Ryder, William H. Webb, G. H. Wright, William H. Morrison, George P. Ord, George W. Peters, H. B. Zimmerman, and Henry Mayo, and W. Stone, and J. Nowcomb, and John W. Butler, Samuel Cox, Geo. Watson, George Rapp, and their associates and successors, as a majority of them, are hereby created and constituted a body politic and corporate, by the name and style of the Washington and Boston Steamship Company.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the capital stock of said company shall not less than one thousand dollars each, and shall be divided into shares of one hundred dollars each.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That said company is authorized to purchase, hold and convey such real estate, not exceeding in amount one hundred thousand dollars, as may be necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, and to build all necessary docks, wharves, and buildings therefor for their steamships, may transport passengers and freight of every description, subject to the rules and regulations now and laws of the United States; may do all and all other things which the situation of their business may require, and possess the rights and privileges usually possessed by similar corporations.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the affairs of said company shall be managed by such officers, and such regulations for conducting the business, and such modes of transferring stock, as may be provided by-laws of the directors. Five persons named in the first section of this act, or a majority of them, may call a meeting of the stockholders for the purpose of organizing said company, at such time and place as they may determine upon, after advertising the time and place of such meeting for ten days, in one or more newspapers published in the city of Washington. The officers of said company shall be elected shall hold their offices until their successors are chosen.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the said board of directors may make all necessary rules and by-laws for the transfer of the stock and the management of the business of said company, and each stockholder in said company shall be liable for all debts against the same to an amount equal to the stock which said stockholders shall have in said company.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That this act shall be enforced from the passage thereof.

And be it further enacted, That Congress may at any time hereafter alter, amend, or repeal this act.

Approved, May 1, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No 60.]

AN ACT to provide for the survey of the Tittabawassee River, in the State of Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, in the survey of the Tittabawassee River, in the State of Michigan, from its mouth to the head of navigation, and to report a plan for the improvement of the same.

Approved, May 1, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No 61.]

AN ACT to provide for the survey of the Thunder Bay River, in the State of Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, in the survey of the Thunder Bay River, in the State of Michigan, from its mouth to the head of navigation, and to report a plan for the improvement of the same.

Approved, May 1, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No 62.]

AN ACT to provide for the survey of the Saginaw River, in the State of Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, in the survey of the Saginaw River, in the State of Michigan, from its mouth to the head of navigation, and to report a plan for the improvement of the same.

Approved, May 1, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No 63.]

AN ACT to provide for the survey of the Grand River, in the State of Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, in the survey of the Grand River, in the State of Michigan, from its mouth to the head of navigation, and to report a plan for the improvement of the same.

Approved, May 1, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No 64.]

AN ACT to provide for the survey of the Kalamazoo River, in the State of Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, in the survey of the Kalamazoo River, in the State of Michigan, from its mouth to the head of navigation, and to report a plan for the improvement of the same.

Approved, May 1, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No 65.]

AN ACT to provide for the survey of the Muskegon River, in the State of Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, in the survey of the Muskegon River, in the State of Michigan, from its mouth to the head of navigation, and to report a plan for the improvement of the same.

Approved, May 1, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No 66.]

AN ACT to provide for the survey of the Manistee River, in the State of Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, in the survey of the Manistee River, in the State of Michigan, from its mouth to the head of navigation, and to report a plan for the improvement of the same.

Approved, May 1, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No 67.]

AN ACT to provide for the survey of the Pere Marquette River, in the State of Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, in the survey of the Pere Marquette River, in the State of Michigan, from its mouth to the head of navigation, and to report a plan for the improvement of the same.

Approved, May 1, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No 68.]

AN ACT to provide for the survey of the Black River, in the State of Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, in the survey of the Black River, in the State of Michigan, from its mouth to the head of navigation, and to report a plan for the improvement of the same.

Approved, May 1, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No 69.]

AN ACT to provide for the survey of the Kalamazoo River, in the State of Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, in the survey of the Kalamazoo River, in the State of Michigan, from its mouth to the head of navigation, and to report a plan for the improvement of the same.

Approved, May 1, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No 70.]

AN ACT to provide for the survey of the Muskegon River, in the State of Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, in the survey of the Muskegon River, in the State of Michigan, from its mouth to the head of navigation, and to report a plan for the improvement of the same.

Approved, May 1, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No 71.]

AN ACT to provide for the survey of the Manistee River, in the State of Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, in the survey of the Manistee River, in the State of Michigan, from its mouth to the head of navigation, and to report a plan for the improvement of the same.

Approved, May 1, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No 72.]

AN ACT to provide for the survey of the Pere Marquette River, in the State of Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, in the survey of the Pere Marquette River, in the State of Michigan, from its mouth to the head of navigation, and to report a plan for the improvement of the same.

Approved, May 1, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No 73.]

AN ACT to provide for the survey of the Black River, in the State of Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, in the survey of the Black River, in the State of Michigan, from its mouth to the head of navigation, and to report a plan for the improvement of the same.

Approved, May 1, 1870.

International Steamship Co.

EASTPORT CALAIS AND ST. JOHN.

DIRIGO, WINSLOW AND HENRIETTA.

Spring Arrangement—Two Trips per Week.

On and after TUESDAY MORNING, May 3d, the new and fast Steamer DIRIGO, Capt. C. B. Winslow, will leave Custom House Wharf, Portland, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY MORNINGS, at 7 o'clock, for EASTPORT, CALAIS and ST. JOHN, connecting at Eastport with the new and fast Steamer HENRIETTA for Digby, Windsor and Halifax.

Returning, will leave St. John every MONDAY and THURSDAY MORNINGS, at 7 o'clock, touching at Eastport, and arriving in Portland the following days.

Through Tickets and Staterooms can be procured at the Office of the Company, on Long Wharf, Boston, and at the Office on the Wharf in Portland.

Freight taken as usual.

Shippers are requested to have their freight delivered on the wharf previous to the sailing of the steamers.

No freight received after 5 P. M. on the days of sailing.

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E. BILLINGS, Jr., Agent.

Portland, May 2, 1870.

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THROUGH LINE TO

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FARES GREATLY REDUCED.

Steamers leave Pier No. 42, North River, foot of Canal street, for Aspinwall, on the

5th, and 21st

of each month (or the day following when the date falls on Sunday), for the ports of

CALIFORNIA, OREGON, COLORADO, Capt. Wm. H. Macy.
ARIZONA, Capt. Wm. Hall.
MONTANA, Capt. Sherman Hoteling.
NEVADA, Capt. Jos. Marchant.

All departures in and for Panama will connect at Aspinwall with Steamers for Pacific ports, and the splendid steamships